



A Bill to Abolish Private Prisons

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1.

- A)** The US state governments may no longer issue or renew contracts with prisons that are owned, controlled, and/or operated by a private entity to house or incarcerate inmates.
- B)** Any prison that currently houses state inmates will be bought by the state government that has contracted out the inmates in that prison if they so choose. If the state governance chooses to opt out of buying up the old prison, all of their inmates must be properly housed. The states may apply for a federal loan if they have issues in funding the acquisition.
- C)** Any previous employees working for the privately owned prisons will have a choice to then work in the state managed prison in the same or similar positions. Any employees deemed inessential by the new administrators for the running of the prison will be offered unemployment benefits for 2 months if they had been working previous to signing this bill.



D) All previously private prison's policies will change according to their new administration over the course of a year. This includes the payment of employees, who will be paid what they were 1 year previous to the signing of this bill adjusted to inflation.

E) A contract that allows a private entity to house and/or manage inmates is hereby terminated.

SECTION 2. Inessential: Defined as an employee that is only necessary for specifically corporate interests and provides a negligible benefit the new state admin.

SECTION 3. The DOJ's Bureau of Prisons will oversee the execution of this bill, therefore managing the federally-bought prisons while ensuring that states fulfill their duties.

A. The funding needed for this bill, which is an estimated 25 billion dollars, will be reallocated from the budget of the research and development sections of the US department of defense. Any remaining funds after the bill is fully implemented will be returned to the sections taken from, whereas any additional funding needed beyond the established threshold will come from the General Revenue fund of the Department of Defense.



SECTION 4. Section 1A will be implemented as of signing of this bill and section 1B-1E will be implemented June 30, 2025 while giving adequate notice to the corporations that have current contracts with state governments in managing inmates.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Capital City High School

